

MARCH OF DEATH

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*...The Western Wall, functionally relevant for all stages
of the mournful way of Armenians - is nevertheless in Jerusalem.*

Y.S. Verdiyev, journalist

Among all the crimes that were committed by the Armenian ethno-corporation against various nations of the world, the one thing they have succeeded to conceal properly was the massacre of Jews. After two decades, it is very hard to conclude what caused the beginning of the intrigue between the Armenians and the ancient Jews: significant documents that might clarify this issue are kept in unreachable archives. Actually, in the Aramaic version of history there appear names of two sons of the Armenian nation with remarkable proclivity to kleptomania. Gregory Vartapet and Karapet Dianisy are the names of these two "clever" guys, who lived in beginning of XIX century. They quite easily decided to convert from their Gregorian faith to Protestant and received remuneration for that from American missionaries in Southwest Asia. We can assume that Martin Luther and John Calvin would turn over in their graves, if they knew about these new successors of theirs. Who could guess that this story that we are talking about is a story of two Armenian "great martyrs" who were willing to "suffer" for Christ!

The objective of the "young Protestants" was very dangerous, if not diabolical - to rescue (?) the Holy Sepulcher in Jerusalem from the Turks. The interesting thing was that from the very beginning the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem was in no danger; however this wasn't the point for Vartapet and Karapet. Their supreme target was to invent a global threat and picture themselves as the only defenders of the Christian religion from the infidel Muslims and Jews. There are many different versions that attempt to explain the reasons why these two people decided to initiate this rescue operation, including merely stealing whatever they could. It is clear that all the righteous residents of the Holy Land - Jews, Muslims, Christians - chose not to wait for the crazy deeds of the two and banished the pseudo-protestants Vartapet and Karapet who had suffered for nothing [42].

Likewise, there are other facts serving evidence for the undeclared war of the Armenians against the Jews.

Recently, a public resonance has been caused by the new significant findings of Institute of Human Rights of Academy of Sciences, which testify on the massacre of Jews by Armenian gangs in 1918. In April 2006, after the publication of these data, an official letter to the Institute for Human Rights was sent by the Chairman of the Community of Caucasian Jews - Mr. Semion Ikhiilov:

To the director of the Institute for Human Rights of Azerbaijan National Academy of Sciences & Chairman of the International Council for Human Rights, Prof. Rovshan Mustafaev. Dear Mr. Rovshan Mustafaev, Browsing the bloody and tragic-pages of the history of Azerbaijan, we constantly come across the facts which prove that alongside with our Azerbaijani brothers and sisters numerous representatives of the country's Jewish communities fell victims to the enemies who attempted to enslave our motherland.

In 1980's I found out that during the period 1918-1919, when the genocide of the Azerbaijani people began, massive annihilation of the Jews occurred likewise. According to eyewitnesses' memories and some documentary fragments, up to 3000 Jews perished together with the Azerbaijanis.

By now we have managed to identify about 81 innocent victims - the Jews that were murdered. Each year on March 31, on the Memorial Day of the Genocide of Azerbaijani People, we are praying in memory of the Jewish children, women and men who died during that tragic period.

Today we are still in search of the Jewish mass burial sites in different parts of our homeland - Azerbaijan, and the list of the dead is being updated...

To this letter attached a list of the Jewish civilians, "who were murdered by the monsters on the 19th of Iyar, 5679, in the town of Kuba" [27]. Right after the translation from Aramaic and the identification of the texts including names of the victims, and after the memorial prayer Hashkavot that were pronounced on them, the Institute founded the Expert committee that consisted of the member of the Mili Mejlis (Azerbaijani parliament) Evdo Abramov, two deputy chairmen of the Institute for the Human Rights "NAN" Araz Gurbanov and Musa Musaev, a historian Moshe Becker, the Commissioner of the International Scientific Council for Human Rights Rashad Razakuliev, the secretary of the Institute for the Human Rights "NAN" Nushaba Ashrafova, journalist and deputy chairman of the Community of Caucasian Jews Semion Shalmeev. The work began in the archives of the regional synagogues, as well as with numerous letters they received from the Caucasian Jews, whose relatives had been murdered in 1918 by militant Armenians. In the protocols of the Emergency Investigation Commission, which had been investigating the mass murders of civilians by the Armenian gangs during the period of the First Azerbaijani Republic, some more names of Jewish innocent victims were found. All the lists contain names of

women, men, children and elderly people. Further, Mr. Evda Abramov discovered additional data about the massacre of Jews - in a personal archive of pensioner Yakov Ilych Abramov. Throughout the years of communist oppression the important documents miraculously survived. Yakov Abramov lived in hope that once he would be able to tell the true story of his people and immortalize the names of the deceased on the memorial obelisk of Mourning and Remembrance. Canyon Simi was chosen by the Armenian gangs to become the place of massacre of Jews in Amazasp. Groups of people were led to the verge of the canyon, then women and children were raped and mistreated, the bandits entertained themselves cutting off noses and ears of old people and teenagers. Then all of them were executed. Their bodies were abandoned uncovered at the bottom of canyon Shimi... [1].

The letters sent to the Institute for Human Rights by the Jewish intellectual elite of Baku and by the Jewish inhabitants of villages in Kuba region contain sorrow, but also the expression of gratitude for the desire of the Institute "NAN" to recover the horrid historical truth and immortalize the names of all those who were killed only because they were not Armenians. In the appeal of the Jewish community to the Institute for the Human Rights "NAN" it goes as follows: For your attention, the Jewish community of Azerbaijan is holding the facts about the massacre of Jewish citizens by Armenian nationalist gangs between the years 1918-1919. During these years about 3000 Jews - members of Jewish communities- were murdered. The senders of this letter expressed their willingness to cooperate with the Institute for Human Rights "NAN" and to investigate the facts of genocide of Jewish people. The letter was signed by: Chairman of the community of Georgian Jews in Azerbaijan Mr. M.G. Karelashvili, chairman of the Humanitarian Association "Urek" ("The Heart") K. Ifroimov, officer of the Jewish Information Agency in Azerbaijan V. Mishin, M. Kurkel, A. Davidova and other representatives of science, press, and education [25]. A lengthy letter from a famous photographer Semion Shalmeev describes the story of his grandfather Asaf Shalmeev: Asaf Shalmeev was one of the defenders of Kuba from Armenian nationalistic gangs. He was compelled to leave his hometown and conceal the fact of his participation in the defense of Kuba throughout his entire life, fearing the revenge of Armenian nationalists who managed to occupy important positions in the Soviet governmental system and imposed horror on the citizens. One of the participants of defense of Kuba was burned inside his house by the members of Dashnak party. The elders recall the name of the Jewish martyr was Joseph. [30]. A letter from the chairman of the Community of Caucasian Jews in Kuba, a very honored person, Boris Simanduev contains a call to all Jews of the world to condemn the genocide of Jews in 1918-1919 [29]: "Caucasian Jews accuse Armenian gangs for crimes against Jews and other peoples in Caucasian region". We received a lot of requests to organize a scientific session about the tragic events of that period of history. The first meeting took place at the Institute for Human Rights "NAN" on April 21, 2006. During this meeting the participants formulated an appeal to the President of Republic of Azerbaijan Ilham Aliyev. A letter by the chair of the religious community "Azerbaijani Jews" rabbi Meir Bruk was added to the appeal: "To the leadership of the World Jewish Congress. This letter is attached to the appellation to the President of Azerbaijan Ilham Aliyev with a request to perpetuate the memory of Jews - victims of genocide of the people of Azerbaijan perpetrated by Armenian gangs between the years 1918-1919 on the territory of Azerbaijan. I am urging you to take note of these materials" [28].

And then follows the text of the appeal that was written during the meeting of representatives of the Jewish community of Azerbaijan at the Institute for Human Rights "NAN".

An ethno-corporation is by definition afraid of history, especially afraid of truthful details and real names. Too many innocent victims - their names come out towards the surface of memory, enlarging the expanse of objective reality. Here follows the list of the known names of Jews killed during period of bloody crimes in 1918-1919 committed by the Armenian gangs in South Caucasus.

**To His Excellency,
President of Azerbaijan
Mr. Ilham Heydar oglu Aliyev.**

Dear Mr. President!

The history of the Jewish community of Azerbaijan has close ties with the history of the Azerbaijani people. We share all the happiness and sorrow that fall upon the inhabitants of our homeland.

The Azerbaijani Jewish community today numbers more than 30000 people. This is the largest Jewish settlement on the Caucasus. On behalf of each of us, we thank you, Mr. President, for the vast opportunities for the development and preservation of our cultural and religious traditions.

Studying the life of Jews in Azerbaijan, we have explored previously unknown facts about the genocide of Jewish people, which occurred simultaneously with the genocide of Azerbaijani people in 1918-1919, preceding the Holocaust of 1939-1945. According to the documents and memories of witnesses, almost 3000 Jews were killed by the members of gangs alongside with the Azerbaijanis.

At this moment, due to fruitful cooperation with the Institute for Human Rights of the Academy of Sciences, we are working on the identification of names of the Jews killed during the ethnic cleansing.

Every year, on March 31, on The Day of Genocide of Azerbaijanis in 1918-1919, we also pray for the souls of the murdered Jewish children, women and men. Currently, we are continuing to work on finding the location of

mass graves in different parts of our homeland-Azerbaijan.

Dear Mr. President!

Considering the high ethnic tolerance of the Azerbaijani people and following the sacred Jewish principle "No one is forgotten, nothing is forgotten", we are asking you to give instructions to relevant state organizations to cooperate with us in revealing the historical truth, and to give permission for the establishment of a memorial obelisk to the innocent victims in the region of Kuba.

By name of the Jewish community of Azerbaijan:

*Ikhiilov Semion Borisovich,
chairman of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Abramov Evdo Sosunovoch,
member of Mill Mejlis
Becker Moshe Vladimirovich,
representative of the Community of European Jews
Shalmeev Semion Gregorievich,
board member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Haimov Ilil Nataniilovich,
member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Sosunov Imanuil Donich,
board member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Davidov Shaul Mikhailovich,
member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Rabinovich Boris Zovolunovich,
board member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Saev Yagub Shamil oglu,
board member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Simonov Mordukhai Davidovich,
board member of the Community of Caucasian Jews
Yusufova Solmaz Rza gizi,
president of the Female Jewish Humanitarian Organization
Iliyaguev Gavriil Shamaevich,
member of the Community of Caucasian Jews [21]*

In the memory of the victims

- 1. Avsholum bin Shamail*
- 2. Avsholum bin Ovroom*
- 3. Ovroom bin Rakhamim*
- 4. Ilyevu bin Sosun*
- 5. Iltevu bin Benyamin*
- 6. Ilikh bin Simantov*
- 7. Ilisha bin Mukhoil*
- 8. Iliazar bin Yov*
- 9. Yusufbin Mordukhai*
- 10. Ovroom bin Haim*
- 11. Iliazar bin Adino*
- 12. Oshir bin Mashiah*
- 13. Ilkhanon bin Shout*
- 14. Banil bin Ilazar*
- 15. Benzion bin Evdo*
- 16. Bilo bin Rafail*
- 17. Bono bin Zakharye*
- 18. Gavriil bin Haim*
- 19. Godbin Zakharye*
- 20. Gluvjin Atashto*
- 21. Dovid bin Mordukhai (grandfather)*
- 22. Dovid bin Mordukhai (grandson)*
- 23. Dovid bin Shomshun*
- 24. Zakharye bin Nison*
- 25. Zakharye bin Ilkhod*

26. *Zakoi bin Rafoil*
27. *Haim bin Dovid*
28. *Haim bin Ikhiil*
29. *Khano bat Tzizaz*
30. *Yakov bin Gomiil*
31. *Evdo bin Mordukhai*
32. *Yov bin Ishiyo*
33. *Yusufbin Dovid*
34. *Yusufbin Moshe*
35. *Ifil bin Sholum*
36. *Ikhiil bin Hehamya*
37. *Ikhiil bin Shoul*
38. *Isroil bin Yushva*
39. *Yushva bin Avsholum*
40. *Mukhoil bin Sholum*
41. *Mukhoil bin Sholum (grandson)*
42. *Iliazar bin Yov*
43. *Manakhim bin Shamaail*
44. *Manasho bin Rakhomo*
45. *Mordukhai bin Yov*
46. *Mukhoil bin Yov*
47. *Moshe bin Yusuf*
48. *Moshe bin Yubis*
49. *Mordukhai bin Lio*
50. *Marus bat Haim*
51. *Natan bin Haim*
52. *Nisim bin Efraim (grandfather)*
53. *Nisim bin Efraim (grandson)*
54. *Iz.ro bin Zakharye*
55. *Shamuil bin Yakov*
56. *Pinad bin Yusuf*
57. *Pinkhos bin Ruvin*
58. *Pisakh bin Nakhos*
59. *Pisakh bin Zakharye*
60. *Tzvi bin Sosun*
61. *Tzvi bin Yakov*
62. *Tzadik bin Efraim*
63. *Tzolum bin Mordukhai*
64. *Tzolum bin Khanuko*
65. *Yavo bin Efraim*
66. *Rafail bin Evdo*
67. *Rabo bin Evdo*
68. *Rakhamim bin Yusuf*
69. *Rakhamim bin Rafoil*
70. *Rafoil bin Ovroom (grandfather)*
71. *Rafoil bin Ovroom (grandson)*
72. *Rafoil bin Sigdio*
73. *Rakhil bat Nisim*
74. *Rakhil bat Shabtai*
75. *Rakhil bat Sholum*
76. *Sholum bin Melekh*
77. *Solum bin Khazak*
78. *Shomoil bin Natami*
79. *Shinamit bin Nisim*
80. *Shushan bat Nisum*
81. *Khamim bat Tovi*
82. *Avraam Avsholum*
83. *Nuri Rakhamim*
84. *Rafael Israil Naftali*
85. *Gurshum Nikhim*

86. *Zakharya Nisim*
87. *Shalum Yukhai*
88. *Khananyaev Ifiil Shalmievich*
89. *Khananyaev Mushoul Shalmievich*
90. *Mikhirov Mishi Ifraimovich*
91. *Sakhliim Khanukoi Khastil*
92. *Biror Khanukoi Sasun*
93. *Yahku Zakharye*
94. *Yusif Haim Milikh*
95. *Haim Ilkhanan Nakhum*
96. *Binzion Dedem (Shamai)*
97. *Ilyaguev Uryo Ilyaguevich*
98. *Yunaev Ovrohohm Yahkuevich*
99. *Agarunov Mishi*
100. *Bebe llisho*
101. *Abramov Shomoil Evdo Gilonor*
102. *Saadyaev Ilyago Sasunovich*
103. *Agashiev Adinya*
104. *Akharu birMukhoil [6]*

Jews dwelling in the villages near canyon Shimi can still hear voices of the innocent victims.

The names published in the list appear in the same form they were received by the Institute for Human Rights of the Academy of Sciences.

The archive documents of the Second World War include evidence about the cooperation of the Armenian ethno-corporation (first of all, of Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaktsutyun) with Hitler's regime. On the opinion of the Austrian historian Eric Feigl, the purpose of Armenian punitive units was "annihilation of Jews". According to the information provided by another researcher, S. Williams, more than 100,000 representatives of Armenianism (professional assassins, marauders, and offenders) were a part of war crime of the Third Reich [41].

The fascist commanding established a tendency to recruit loyal Armenians to punitive and sabotage units even before the Second World War. According to L. Sergeev, SS gruppenführer and the future head of the Gestapo Heinrich Muller visited Baku, and the purpose of this visit was creating an undercover network, which would be composed of activists of Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaktsutyun. He came to the capital of Azerbaijan in October 17, 1938 as "engineer Krause", a member of delegation of experts of "Krupp&CoU" - the company that owned a network of death camps during the war years and was found guilty for war crimes on Nuremberg Trials.

In Berlin, Heinrich Muller provided a report to his direct chief Heinrich Himmler: As a result of my visit to Baku I can confirm that all reports of nationalistic organization Dashnaktsutyun are true. Also, there is evidence about meetings of "engineer Krause" with some Armenian terrorists, who were overtly patronized by the NKVD (future KGB). Almost all of them were members of Dashnaktsutyun. By the way, the local department of Stalinist NKVD was responsible for massive repression of Azerbaijani, Jewish, Georgian intelligentsia [38].

Despite the communist slogans, international Armenianism was looking for ties with Hitler's regime. Connections of Muller with the Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaktsutyun was an opportunity for such kind of a union. Groveling before the Germans, the representatives of Armenianism tried to convince influential German officers of their loyalty and hate towards Jews.

According to the documents, during his visit in Baku, Muller met with relatives of Sogomon Terkhlyryan, previously arrested in Charlottenberg for the assassination of a Turkish public figure Talet-bek [38]. By the way, with the help of secret fascist police and one of the leaders of the communist regime and member of Dashnaktsutyun Anastas Mikoyan, the assassinator was released from the prison and deported to the Soviet Union. According to the file of S. Terkhlyryan, it was him who connected the agents of Gestapo with his relative in Baku, activist of Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaktsutyun Serjiq Movsesyan. At the moment of the meeting, Movsesyan's record includes murders and terrorist activity. It was quite suitable for "engineer Krause", who stated at the end of war: "Under my command and with the direct participation of my department 6 million Jews, 5.7 million POWs, 3.3 million Soviet prisoners, and from 700 to 800 thousand inhabitants of USSR were annihilated in prisons and concentration camps by Einsatzgruppen" [17].

At the meeting in 1938, the future head of the Gestapo Heinrich Himmler was impressed by the members of the Armenian international terrorist organization and was convinced these were the best agents on entire Caucasus.

During this period, the official newspaper of Nazis "Der Volkischer Beobachter" published an article by Artashes Abegyan, professor of Berlin University, who had joined the German fascist regime. This article, in a manner suitable for the Nazi "racial taste", attempts to prove the Indo-European origin of Armenians and underlines

their irreconcilable attitude towards Semites [2]. Oganeg Davedjan, a member of the political council of Dashnaksutyun and the security department of Reich claims that the purpose of this kind of publications was to convince the members of the Nazi leadership to recruit more Armenians to cooperate. Another book published in Germany by A. Asatryan popularizes through the image of Adolf Hitler the ideas of superiority of the Aryan race, and Armenians being a branch of it. The author insists on the creation of a "German-Armenian alliance", which, according to his exaggerated opinion, is able to shed light upon the development of the history of humanity.

In order to prove such a thesis, 40 members of the Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaksutyun voluntarily joined the Reich and took an active part in repressions against Jews and Gypsies - "thieves and sluggers, blood-suckers of the German people" [5]. The organization Tsegakron, created by Garegin Ter-Harutiunian (nicknamed Njdeh) in Bulgaria, became the voice of Armenian Nazism. "Tsegakron" literally means "admiration for race"[22], Njdeh tried to make maximal efforts to disown the Jews, to adduce proofs of anthropologists and historians that Armenians were not Semites. For this purpose he seeks for links with famous German scientists and Nazi leaders, and organizes relevant publications in the press.

The efforts of Armenianism to create ties with the fascist regime turn out to be successful. According to materials provided by the Faculty of International Relations of Yerevan State University, before the beginning of the war Adolf Hitler received a report from Heinrich Muller, the future head of the Gestapo, and Alfred Rosenberg, the future minister of occupied Eastern territories. This report dwelled upon the alleged Aryan origin of Armenians, which had to be recognized as equal allies. Hitler ratified this statement. From that moment Armenians received a status of "Aryan refugees". In the beginning of the Second World War about 27,000 Armenians were enlisted in the Wehrmacht, 3,000 of them served in the SS and in German intelligence - the Abwehr [2].

The Armenian legion (code - 160 ID) was organized on the occupied territory of Poland in a town named Pu?awy. The commandant of the recruit camp was SS Obersturmbannfuehrer Woldemar Frenzel - a son to an Armenian mother from Georgia. There was a school for officers functioning in the town as well. The legion was based on the mono-ethnic principle: Armenians from all over the world, primarily from the Balkans, arrived there. The person responsible for the special training of rookies was a representative of the Dashnaksutyun, the establisher of the Tsegakron, the head of the newly created Armenian fascist committee, ideological killer Njdeh [2]. In his passionate speech addressed to the members of the Armenian punitive battalion, which comprised part of the legion, he said: "Those who fall for Germany, fall for Armenia". Even the close friends of Njdeh spoke with indignation about the evil deeds of him. One of the prominent representatives of Armenianism, socialist revolutionary Arsham Khondkarian once said: "This buster doesn't have mercy even for women" [22]. Another representative of Armenianism Drastamat Kanayan, better known by his nickname Dro, was responsible for organizational issues in the brigade. He was the establisher of a network of cells of the Armenian international terrorist organization Dashnaksutyun with all the attributes of political studies and political preparation. Everyone was obliged to be a member of one of these cells, even if one did not speak Armenian. Lectures of Dro were saturated with hate towards Gypsies, Jews and Georgians. They perfectly suit the man who had committed a great deal of crimes. In 1918, as a unit commander of the so-called Armenian Army, Dro participated in the execution of civilians in Lori, Georgia. The propaganda of inhuman execution of Reich's enemies in Dro's lectures was compatible with Hitler's instructions to obey orders without any conditions. During the period of existence of the Armenian Nazi legion, Dro and Njdeh created two intelligence centers, which collected information and committed attacks in Europe and America. Special diversion units were under command of Misak Tarlekian [2]. The Armenian legion included the Nakhararian regiment preparing the future representatives of the fascists in Caucasus. The official sponsors of this battalion were the owners of Berlin tobacco factory, Muradyan brothers, who used the slave labor of death camp prisoners.

According to the data provided by Yerevan State University, at the beginning of creation of the Armenian legion, it was composed of Armenians emigrants, who lived in Germany, Poland, France and other occupied European states. A lot of Armenians became officers of Wehrmacht and the SS. Among them were SS Waffen-Standartenfuehrer Vartan Sarkisian, SS Gruppenfuehrer Razmik Nazarian, commander of Armenian diversion units, captain Misak Torlekian, commanders of elite special punitive SS detachments, generals G. Njde and D. Kanayan (Dro), the official delegate of the Armenian legion in the Reich Armin Djalalyan, editor of the weekly journal of Goebbels Vigen Shant (son of Levon Shant), head of anti-Semitic publishing center of Nazis "Paikar" and of the Armenian publishing house "Osank" Suren Bekzaryan, along with many others bearing high ranks in Hitler's army. Moreover, the Reich approved publishing of the Nazi-oriented Armenian newspaper "Hayastan". S. Ovik, one of the influential representatives of the French department of Dashnaksutyun, became the head of this newspaper [2].

These facts are more than surprising, since according to the memorandum of minister of the occupied Eastern territories, Reichsleiter Alfred Rosenberg (March 28, 1942) "On the Caucasian military units", "Officer positions in all military units must be occupied by Germans only. Its gives an advantage for the German army, as it is happening to the English in India [20]". Based on this we can suppose that Armenians finally succeeded to convince the Germans that the realization of the plan of the "German-Armenian alliance" was unavoidable. It was as well proved on the practical level - the Armenian military units participated in punitive missions and massacres of civilians. The

secret report #150 (January 2, 1942) describes an operation conducted in South Crimea: "Between November 16 and December 15, 1942, 17,645 Jews, 2,504 Karaims, 824 Gypsies and 212 partisans were executed (N0-2834). Simferopol, Eupatoria, Alushta, Karasubazar, Kerch, Eeodosia and other parts of Crimea are free of Jews". Armenian punitive battalion #809 demonstrated excellent performance in operations on the Kerch peninsula and was remarked as a courageous unit, ready to fulfill any order. Moreover, hundreds of soldiers and officers of the Armenian punitive battalion were awarded by "Kuban Shield" orders from Hitler government. The battalion was renamed and became "Zeitun" Battalion, whereas the soldiers of this battalion called themselves "Zeitunziner". Another piece of evidence for the special attitude of the fascist regime towards the Armenian punitive battalion was a unique permission for an Armenian military priest to baptize local children on the occupied territories and give them Armenian second names [2].

The flag of Hitlerian armenianism was special in a way: on the one side of the tricolor, in middle of the blue strip there was a swastika, on the other side of the flag was the name of the battalion written in gold letters. Shoulder-stripes, tabs and badges of Armenian legionnaires were specially designed and based on the insignia of Dashnak gangs of 1918-20. Most Armenian punishers were awarded by "Iron Crosses" and "Eastern orders" "for loyalty to Hitler and bravery". Armenian Nazi battalion 809 received gratitude of the Wehrmacht commander in Ukraine General Karl Hitzinger and commander of Eastern Legions major-general Max Ilgen. One of the most awarded units of Hitler force, responsible for punitive missions on the Eastern territories was Armenian battalion 809. Further, this battalion was moved as a part of Special "Anti-partisan" Forces for fighting against Ukrainian and Polish partisans. On October 16, 1943, this battalion moved to Belgium to prevent possible Anti-Hitler disturbances. In the other words, Armenian punitive battalion 809 until 1944 remained loyal to the oath: "I swear in front of God and Adolf Hitler to be loyal to the German State and Armenian Land" [2].

Below follows a list of rifle battalions of the Armenian legion by edification numbers:

Armenisches Infanterie-Battalion 1/125-th rifle battalion (5 companies), I/198-th rifle battalion, II/9-th rifle battalion, 808-th rifle battalion (disbanded in 1944, later became an engineer battalion), 809-th rifle battalion, 810-th rifle battalion, 811-th rifle battalion, 812-th rifle battalion, 813-th rifle battalion, 814-th rifle battalion, 815-th rifle battalion.

Along with the above mentioned military units, Dro gathers criminals (for some reason referred to as "patriots") and establishes a Special Punitive unit - sonderkommando "Dromedar". The mission of these groups was to discover Jews among local residents and annihilate them. According to archive documents, initially Armenian punitive unit "Dromedar" was a part of "Abwergroup-101" (a part of 6-th army) created by personal initiative of Adolf Hitler. The group rolled special courses simultaneously training about twenty agents, who were criminals picked from POW camps. The "Dromedar" group consisted of Dashnak Armenians under the command of General Kanayan (Dro). One of the missions of "Dromedar" was to create Armenian committees in Zaporozhye, Simferopol and on the Crimean peninsula, as well as promoting further organization of Armenian legions. Armenian committees used to collect donations for German military needs [12].

Prom the "Report note of NKVD of Ukrainian SSR and NKVD of USSR on German intelligence methods on the territory of Ukraine" it followed that: Sonderkommando "Dromedar", which later became an independent unit "Abwerguppe-1 14" acted on the territory of occupied Ukraine. In August 1941 "Dromedar" was deployed in Kiev, in September-October 1941 located in Nikolaev, later - in the village Askania-Nova in Kherson region [24]. It is from there, from the natural reserve Askania-Nova, not without assistance of Armenian fascists, actually, the unique equipment of Zoological Faculty of Odessa Agriculture Institute, established in 1918 on basis of Novopoltava Jewish agriculture institute, was stolen. We can only guess, for what Armenian criminals from zonderkommando "Dromedar" needed equipment for breeding pedigree cattle, created under the guidance of an outstanding scientist, Professor A.A. Brauner, the dean of the first Zoological Faculty, later plundered by Armenian Nazis [23].

According to the researched issue, there is another interesting fact: only on account of occasion can be explained the fact, that the territory, controlled by chastisers of Armenian zonderkommando - "Dromedar", practically coincided with the space, where had spontaneously created the first Jewish guerrilla detachments. Considering peaceful and law-abiding nature of Jews and the fact that before this period, Jews never created their own guerrilla movement; it is not difficult to imagine who tired them to do so, for example, the same "dromedars", that they were forced to establish the first Jewish partisan structures in Deaf Ukrainian forests. Indeed, any - even Jewish -patience comes to an end: guerrilla detachments of "Uncle Misha" (commander Moshe Gildenman), Jacob binder, David Erlbaum, Leonid Berenshteyn, Joseph Gluz, Rozenblant and others, repeatedly over the years of war forced to flee the killers of women, elderly and children, desperate criminals and marauders with the swastika on their sleeves.

But with the approach of imminent A. Hitler's defeat in World War II, Armenian on a mass scale, quickly deserted out of German forces: from now on former Armenian Nazis form the Communist underground, which trying not unsuccessfully to harm their former patrons and allies "in race".

At the end of World War II most of surrendered participants from the 809's Armenian Nazi battalion, were... amnestied by leadership of the Soviet Union.

As to generals of Hitler's Armenians, part of them cowardly fled after the surrender of Berlin. Thus, Dro emigrated to the U.S., then for a long time lived in Beirut, where participated in organization of radical and terrorist groups, aimed to fight against the establishment of the Israel State, died in Boston.

In May 24, 2000, bandit's Dro remains were brought to Armenia and reburied with honors at the cemetery Bash-Aparan. In the obituary stressed that "Dro's military prowess and talent marked by Russia and Germany" [2].

Incidentally, the fact of glorifying Dro's name, an activist of "fighting organization -Dashnaksutyun", who cooperated with A. Hitler's Nazi regime, as well as the creation of youth institute of leaders, that bears his name, permanently pops up in the Israeli press as accusations to Armenian side.

However, the most sinister figure of Armenians, whose name is directly connected to the killings of hundred thousands Jews and Gypsies, is Ferenc Salashi, until today unfairly associated with Hungary and the Hungarian people.

The study of documents from the Second World War period indicates: the Fuhrer of Hungarian people since 1944 to 1945 was the head of the Nazi party "Crossed arrows" (Arrow Cross) - F. Salosyan (band alias Salashi), born in 1897, in the Slovak city Kasha, now Koshizc [33]. According to political scientist K. Torosyan. Salashi, as the leader of Hungarian nation, has never concealed, that he is ethnic Armenian [40].

From a letter to London from James Lins, an adviser of British Embassy in Hungary: Resignation of premiere Teleki would mean an access to proscenium of the Hungarian fascist's leader Salashi, naturalized Armenian, a man of strong faith and fanatical aspiration. Salashi, in the words of Professor Nimedi, immediately will rush to direct and uncompromising alliance with Hitler; he ready to fulfill all the requirements of the National-Socialists, because his organization, based on lumpen-proletariat and petty bourgeois, confess an ideology which was born in the NSDAP [26]. Other documents since the occupation, issued in English, German and Ukrainian, concerning about the "ethnicity belonging" to Armenians of activist Dashnaksutyun - F. Salosyana.

It is characteristic that this fact had been so widely discussed in chronicle materials of the Second World War, so that the famous documentary writer Yulian Semionov, renowned for his scrupulous work with archives of the Gestapo, in his work "Despair", through the words of a distinguished Swedish diplomat R. Wallenberg, conveyed the following: "Eichmann (A. Eichmann - the organizer of the massacres of Jews during Hitler's rule - auth.) became the occupier in the fullest sense of the word only in mid-September, when the Gestapo received irrefutable evidence that Horti (M. Horti - ruler of Hungary - auth.) had begun peace negotiations. Then he pushed aside, and crazy Szalasi came. He was even more ardent anti-Semite than Hitler was, although he came from an Armenian family... Where from is it in him?" [35]

Attempts of Hungarian patriots to oppose the usurpation of power in the country of Armenian-Nazi alliance collapsed. The appeal of a disgraced officer, a true patriot of his country, Colonel General B. Miklos sounds unbelievably emotionally strong: "Budapest is occupied by the German army. The chief of German Gestapo, the head of all the bloody executioners, rampages around the Hungarian capital, and each Hungarian is threatened by the executioner's axe... I, as a superior Hungarian military commander, order all the people to rise and fight Hitler's occupants and spies, as well as agents of the Gestapo and the fawners of the parricide Szalasi. I, as the chief of the Hungarian armed forces, order all Hungarian officers and soldiers to commence the fight, by all means at their disposal, against invaders of the motherland, the oppressing Hungary Nazi murderers and traitors of the Hungarian nation. I order to deal with all traitors, who are presented to you as commanders by the parricide Szalasi [43].

However, it was too late. In October 1944, Otto Skorzeny's fighters, following Hitler's instructions, committed a coup d'etat in Hungary and led "the Fuehrer of the Hungarian nation" - F. Salosian - to power. Straight away after he came to power the mass actions for extermination of hundred thousands of Hungarian Jews and Gypsies and their deportation to Germany began. Prisoners were removed from the camps and turned out deep into the country towards the German border ("Death Marches") Massacres in Hungary are considered one of the final episodes of the Holocaust [32].

From a letter of the retired Prime Minister P?l Teleki: "We have become looters who rob the dead. We have become the crappiest nation in the world. I did not restrain you. Guilty". [34]

In short order, F. Salosian unleashed horrible terror against Jews, whom his fascists from the "Arrow Cross" would seize in the Ghetto of Budapest and brutally kill, often drowning in the ice-cold water of the Danube. This evidence is issued on the basis of the Russian-language newspaper of America - "Jewish world", which contains references to 600 thousand Hungarian Jews killed during the dictatorship of the sz?lasists (nilasists) (11). Lion Minz's materials about the party particularly state that: "The party that we are forced to tell with disgust about, is called the "Arrow Cross", and its members - nilasists, that in Hungarian means "bow shooters" (16). In the cited documents, there is information about the nature and the social basis of F. Salosian's party, its activists mainly being local door keepers. Generalizing this fact, the words of an Armenian writer Tigran Kuyundzhyan ("Michael Arlen") expressed on the pages of a popular American edition emerge in the memory: "Armenia! Oh, pitiful porter!" [19]. Some words about the ultimate aim of F. Salosian's political ambitions. According to documents, the main course of his foreign policy was the idea of division of Europe into spheres of influence: the Center had to be dominated by Germany, the South - by Italy, and the East, including the Balkans - by Hungary [18]. This scheme was largely based on the concept of Hitler's "Axis". One may assume that Fuehrer generally approved of F.

Salosian's course of actions by "presenting" to Hungary a fraction of the captured lands. As a result of this "deal", the Jewish population in the country exceeded 1 million people. Regent M. Horti, who had ruled Hungary until Salosian's October coup, despite the insistence of A. Hitler to send Jews to concentration camps, sent them mostly to the "working battalions", in every possible way avoiding repressions against them. According to Jewish sources, F. Salosian was the one, who took the bloody mission upon himself [10]. Upon seizing power, F. Salosian proceeded to mass deportation of Hungarian Jews from the province to concentration camps. In Budapest, activists of the Nazi Party "Arrow Cross" led by him, raided the houses where Jews holding the "protective passports" lived and sent them to gas chambers. Since R. Wallenberg's security certificates had been revoked by F. Salosian, the noble mission of rescuing Jews from death, which involved different officials including the representative of the ISC Friedrich Born, the Vatican envoy Angello Rotta and others, exploited all possible sorts of methods. Due to these people, as well as the unforgettable assistance of other European diplomats, 124 thousand Jews who, by train or on foot, were on their way to death camps, were saved.

According to the documents from the Nuremberg process, in the spring of 1944, Hitler's command headquarters in Hungary came under full control of Adolf Eichmann - the SS Obersturmbannführer, who was responsible in the Gestapo for the elimination of millions of Jews, and was the author of the program "Final solution to the Jewish question". A. Eichmann appointed Salosian to be the commissioner who would conduct operations for massive destruction of Jews and Gypsies by the name of the Hungarian Gestapo. The operation began from the so-called Carpathian Ruthenia and Transylvania [9]. This operation extended to the Zakarpattia Oblast, Ukraine, and covered more than 200 thousand Jews only on those territories. As a result, in small towns and rural schools in which Jews were concentrated, intolerable conditions with regard to accommodation and food were observed. F. Salosian insisted that the Hungarian Government would propose to the headquarters of Hitler's command to accommodate Jews in Auschwitz and other concentration death camps. The removal of Jews from Hungary began under the direct control of F. Salosian, who had promised to clear the Jews out of Budapest with the shortest possible delay. However, a drastic change in the situation on the Eastern front and revitalization of Hungarian patriotic forces against the dictatorship of the Armenian usurper forced F. Salosian to change his monstrous plans. Thus, the cruel operation reached 437 thousand Jews of Hungary. They were loaded onto train carriages and sent to death. F. Salosian and A. Eichmann were ready to report to the leadership. Before the advent of the szalasists to power Hungarian Jews, as already noted, were in relative security, despite the fact that Hungary was a full member of Hitler's coalition. Together with the Jews, hundreds of Hungarian patriots were sent to gas chambers, those who dared to overtly oppose the usurpation of authority in the country by the representative Hitler's Armenianism - F. Salosian. This was further demonstrated at the process trial in Budapest against Kurt Becher -an associate of F. Salosyan and A. Eichmann, who, among other crimes, was charged for active assistance to the szalasist fascists in repressions against the progressive segments of Hungarian society [36].

Since it came on SS Standartenführer Kurt Andreas Ernst Becher (with elementary education - 4 grades) who was sent by H. Himmler "to the aid" of F. Salosian and A. Eichmann, it must be noted that in the higher circles of Nazi Germany he was considered an indispensable specialist in pumping out valuables from the occupied territory. According to K. Becher's own words, uttered by him at the Budapest court, having arrived in the capital of Hungary, he immediately asked F. Salosian to speed up in deporting more than half a million Jews by five - six weeks, incidentally withdrawing their property [36]. According to the study made by D. Babichenko, Hungarian citizens were deprived of their property, and then of their lives after the advent to power of Sz?lasi regime in 1944. The enormous valuables previously belonging to Hungarian Jews were confiscated by Nazis and transferred to the Reich [3]. By the way, in 2006, a group of Hungarian Jews who had survived in the Holocaust, appealed to the Government with demand to return them their bank deposits, frozen, and then withdrawn by F. Salosian (his decree on Jewish savings and deposits was lifted only in 1988!)[44]. Salosian's criminal record as well as his communication with unscrupulous, immoral people like K. Becher, manifested itself in his unbridled quest for enrichment. The unexpected opportunity to rule sway the destiny of Hungary, was used by the Armenian Fuehrer for the exchange of Jews for trucks and fuel, participation in the diabolical "business of gold teeth", taken from people whose lives he had ruined. Thirsty for quick profit, as already stated, F. Salosian efficiently disposed of bank accounts and savings of Jews that he had withdrawn under the pretext of "nationalization".

Only rare people in Hungary could ever imagine that the Armenian Fuehrer, in his cynicism, will surpass the ideologists of Nazism, encroach upon the honor and dignity of the country, stealing the relics of state power! Thus, according to documents, in early May, 1945, i.e. just before the defeat of Hitler's troops in Berlin, by order of F. Salosian a jewel casket was stolen. It contained the sacred crown of the Hungarian throne (thousand-year-old St. Stephen's crown!), scepter, power and the coronation mantle, which, by the way, the "leader" liked to put on in his office. The throne relics were placed in an empty fuel barrel and buried on the shore of Matsee, near Salzburg. Soldiers of the 7th U.S. Army discovered the Armenian Thief-Fuehrer's cache. The return of the Holy Crown, ascending to the first crowned lord of Hungary, took place much later, during the presidency of J. Carter [39].

The thief manners of Salosian during the final period of the Second World War had been so widely well-known that the newspaper "Vechernyaya Moskva", with respect to his statement to remain until the end by the side of Nazi Germany, published a corresponding caricature "Candidate for a Dump" followed by an epigram by A.

Zharov: In some border building, Toward Berlin directing stare, To Germany in loyalty swearing A German stooge and plunderer. However, the "fighter" must know beforehand, that he may on dump of sewage. In very lamentable stand among others, find his stage [13]. Following the dogmas of their own ethnic superiority, the Armenian ideologists often refer to F. Salosian as one of the most famous and even prominent politicians of the twentieth century. The typical "moral principles" of the Armenian Fuehrer have already been noted above. What concerns his political activities and, accordingly, the experience and professional qualifications in this area let us turn to the following fact. After the capitulation of Romania, the head of the fascist organization F. Salosian spoke on the radio with an appeal: Romania betrayed Europe and us. It capitulated. Magyars, take the example of the unbroken stone Finland.

After the events that occurred the next day, the Hitlerites no more allowed the Armenian apology for a politician to the microphone. Finland capitulated [7].

After the Second World War, F. Salosian tried to escape to Austria, but was arrested by the American counterintelligence in Salzburg area, during an attempt to find his own cache. He appeared before the court on charges for war crimes and crimes against peace and humanity, and was sentenced to death. He was hanged in Budapest on March 12, 1946.

The facts of modern history only confirm secret designs of the Armenians against the Jewish people. Thus, on September 5, 1972, the murder of Israeli athletes who had arrived to the Olympic Games was committed. This bloody crime was presented to the world as the "revenge of Islamic terrorists". However, today it became known that the murder was committed by the group "Black September" under the direct leadership of the representative of Armenians - Hakob Hakobyan, born in Mosul. Ten years later the same H. Hakobyan created the Armenian terrorist organization ASALA, closely related to the ideological attitudes of Dashnaksutyun. On July 26, 1983, the President of the U.S. Ronald Reagan named ASALA a barbaric, inhuman and improper for the civilized society criminal organization [8]. Since 1973, Armenian soldiers of the future terrorist organization ASALA began enhanced training in Palestinian camps aimed at the organization and conduct of subversive and terrorist operations. According to the BBC Information Agency, by that time Mossad had important information those training ranges. The creator of ASALA Hakob Hakobyan, who took an active part in the murder of Israeli athletes, suddenly changed his name in a Muslim way: now he is known under the nickname "Mujahedeen ". He forms an alliance with the terrorist organization PFLGG and "Palestinian № 1" Abu Nidal, who formulates his credo as follows: "I kill Zionists and traitors, therefore I exist". Later AS ALA declared in public their statement of support for the terrorist organization "Islamic Jihad".

Therefore, in a letter from the Secretary of State J. Shultz to the Speaker of the House of Representatives Thomas O'Neil, dated March 4, 1985, it is indicated that there exists a serious problem of Armenian terrorism. This kind of activity is being conducted by ASALA, one of the largest Armenian terrorist organizations, which also helps other terrorist groups, whose primary targets are Americans. ASALA announced their support for the "Islamic Jihad", a pro-Iranian terrorist organization responsible for the majority of terrorist attacks in Lebanon [8].

Another fact: On May 11, 2001, four months before the terrorist attacks on the United States, Israeli air defense shot down a Lebanese airplane "Cesna" piloted by the kamikaze pilot Stefan Ogannes Nikolian, a member of the Lebanese headquarters of the International Armenian network. Nikolian's objective, according to the press release spread by "Hezbollah", was to destroy communications system of one of the settlements in Israel. [8].

The analysis of materials, proposed by the Jewish media, also demonstrates the growth of anti-Semitic attitudes in Armenia itself. According to the head of the Jewish community in the Republic of Armenia R. Varzhapetyan, a presentation of the book by Romain Episkopsian "National System", published in Russian and Armenian languages, took place at the Yerevan Writers Hall. This opus was conceived as a tool, by means of which the formation of a national system could begin. Remarkably, Jews in this book are called a "destructive nation". In the chapter "Greatest Falsification of the Twentieth Century", the author clearly asserts that the Holocaust is nothing but a myth [4].

Even more toughly raises a question of xenophobia in a mono-ethnic Armenian society in a joint article of R. Vazhapetyan and V. Likhachev "Anti-Semitism in Armenia". The publication notes that in the context of anti-Semitism in the country one may more and more often hear conspiracy theories claiming that it was the Jews, who organized the "genocide of 1915". In 2004, these and other accusations sounded in the statements of the leader of the political party by the Armenian-Aryan Order - Armen Avetisyan, noted in the publications of "The Armenian-Aryan", TV broadcasted in the channel "ALM", whose owner is the chairperson of the People's Party of Armenia - Tigran Karapetyan. According to the authors of the publication, R. Varzhapetian & V. Likhachev, the actualization of the Aryan myth influences the level of anti-Semitism in the country and is necessary for Armenia for legitimization of the territorial conquest of the borderareas of neighboring Azerbaijan. [15]. The latest straw, overflowing the bowl of patience for Jews all over the world, apparently was the awarding of the Iranian President M. Ahmadinejad by the honorary doctoral degree of Yerevan State University.

The letter of protest issued by the head of the Jewish Fund of Ukraine A. Feldman sounds sharp and highly critical. "It is totally unacceptable that a university, an institution which is supposed to bring up young people - the future of Armenia, awards a country leader, who openly and consistently calls for the destruction of State of Israel

and denies the Holocaust". [45]

To recapitulate, I would like to cite a sacramental passage from the requiem for the journalist Y. S. Verdiyan: "The Western Wall, functionally relevant for all stages of the mournful way of Armenians - is nevertheless in Jerusalem. I cannot say that this phrase does not surprise me, because my father - a Moscow journalist-writer Faik Mustafaev, always spoke warmly about his colleague, Yosif Semenovich Verdiyan, considering him a wise and educated man" Who knows, may be in fact something happened to Yosif Semenovich later, because fathers, according to Caucasian beliefs, are always right. Shortly before his death, Y. S. Verdiyan wrote wonderful lines, which in many respects explain his internal state as well as the psychological portrait of the modern Armenianism, balancing on the verge of paroxysm of madness. "Continuous offence, continuous fatigue, caused by overwhelming personal national ambitions. I am tired of living in conflict with destiny". [31]

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ÖLÜM MARŞI. *Rövşən Mustafayev.* Məqalədə XX əsrin əvvəllərində ermənilərin Azərbaycanda yəhudilərə qarşı törətdikləri cinayətləri sübut edən çoxlu sayda həm arxiv, həm də yeni sənədlər təqdim olunur. Müəllif tərəfindən erməni etnokorporasiyasının mahiyyəti, eləcə də onun uzunmüddətli siyasi məqsəd və vəzifələri ətraflı araşdırılır. Məqalədə 1933-1945-ci illərdə ermənilərin Almaniyanın nasist rejimi ilə əməkdaşlığını təsdiqləyən tarixi sənədlər öz əksini tapıb. Erməni etnokorporasiyasının siyasi fəallığının mürtəce və qeyri-insani xarakteri xüsusi qeyd olunur.

МАРШИ СМЕРТИ. *Ровшан Мустафаев.* В статье автор приводит обширные, как архивные, так и новые документальные свидетельства о совершенных преступлениях армян против евреев Азербайджана в начале XX века. В публикации приводится подробный анализ сущности армянской этнокорпорации, а также описываются ее долгосрочные политические цели и задачи. Автор приводит исторические документальные сведения о сотрудничестве армян с нацистским режимом Германии в 1933-1945 годах. Подчеркивается реакционная и античеловеческая направленность политической активности армянской этнокорпорации.